

Cybersecurity Coordination and Cooperation Colloquium (f41lf3st 2015)

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Tallinna Tehnikaülikool, Tallinn, Estonia

Trident – Toothed and Pronged



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It is all about the beer...

And whisky and ciders and meat!

- RIPE – <http://www.ripe.net> - Amsterdam + other
- ENOG – <http://www.enog.net> - Moscow + Ukraine
- NANOG – <http://www.nanog.net> - US based
- RIR meetings: AFRINIC / APNIC / LACNIC

Not only physically, but also participate in the mailinglists, get to know people in meat and meet space.



Security Communities

Various:

- iNOC-DBA (<http://www.pch.net/inoc-dba/>)
- CERT (<http://www.cert.org>)
- FIRST (<http://www.first.org>)
- NSP-SEC (<http://www.nspsec.org>)
- Ops-Trust (<http://www.ops-trust.net>)
- PeeringDB (<http://www.peeringdb.com>)

And other Fight Clubs one can't even talk about...
The "Social Networks" of the security community.



Ops-Trust

As per <https://openid.ops-trust.net/about>:

“OPSEC-Trust (or "ops-trust") forum is a highly vetted community of security professionals focused on the operational robustness, integrity, and security of the Internet.”

Also known as “Ops-Trust” or just “Ops-T”.



Ops-T Trust Groups

- Initially started out with a single Trust-Group
- Smaller TGs added for specific problems
- Each TG has own purpose and policies
- Being in one TG does not mean you are automatically in any other, or that you even know about them
- Each Trust Group has:
 - One or more mailinglists, optional required PGP encryption
 - Wiki & files area
 - Member Portal



Trust!

- The most important thing: Trust
- If one person does something ‘wrong’ the ones who vouched the person are accountable
- Unless specifically mentioned with Traffic Light Protocol indicators, communications must never leave the person who received it:

“All message content remains the property of the author and must not be forwarded or redistributed without explicit permission.”

Color	When should it be used?	How may it be shared?
RED	Sources may use TLP: RED when information cannot be effectively acted upon by additional parties, and could lead to impacts on a party's privacy, reputation, or operations if misused.	Recipients may not share TLP: RED information with any parties outside of the specific exchange, meeting, or conversation in which it is originally disclosed.
AMBER	Sources may use TLP: AMBER when information requires support to be effectively acted upon, but carries risks to privacy, reputation, or operations if shared outside of the organizations involved.	Recipients may only share TLP: AMBER information with members of their own organization who need to know, and only as widely as necessary to act on that information.
GREEN	Sources may use TLP: GREEN when information is useful for the awareness of all participating organizations as well as with peers within the broader community or sector.	Recipients may share TLP: GREEN information with peers and partner organizations within their sector or community, but not via publicly accessible channels.
WHITE	Sources may use TLP: WHITE when information carries minimal or no foreseeable risk of misuse, in accordance with applicable rules and procedures for public release.	TLP: WHITE information may be distributed without restriction, subject to copyright controls.

<https://www.us-cert.gov/tlp>



Nominations & Vouching

- One gets nominated by a person who knows you very well (Know, Met, Trust and Worked with for n years)
- Then, depending on policy, two others and more vouch for you too with the same criteria
- When no anti-vouches, you are accepted by TG admins
- At this point you are asked if you actually want to join
 - You thus don't know about this until you are approved



Ops-Trust Code Base

- Codebase:
 - Perl using Mason for “portal”, Open-ID uses Catalyst
 - External perl dependencies, many not in Debian packages
 - Database: PostgreSQL
- Components:
 - PGP-remailer
 - Web-frontend “portal” for managing vouches, finding people
 - Open-ID for authenticating at external resources
 - Two Factor Authentication using HOTP/TOTP/SOTP
 - Foswiki as a Wiki (initially we used Confluence)
- Open Source!
 - <https://github.com/ops-trust/>



Trident

- Complete from-scratch rewrite in only Go (<https://www.golang.org>)
- Only the PostgreSQL database schema survived
- Single code-base (not split into portal/openid) and no external dependencies, everything is in same git repo
- Nothing 'external' (eg foswiki leaves 'portal' portion)
- Simplified installation: Debian Package (will try to get it in Debian proper)
- Simplified upgrades: tridentd knows how to upgrade DB
- Multi-host support (multiple tridentd's) for load balancing and failover (work is scheduled using PostgreSQL)



Trident - Teeth

- Daemon (tridentd) that serves HTTP, fronted by nginx
- Command Line (Tickly / tcli) enables full control
- WebUI/CLI feature parity: just with pretty buttons
- HTTP API which equals the CLI, as it is the CLI
- Integrated OAuth2 / Open-ID Connect support
 - Also used for CLI authentication
- Uses JSON Web Token (JWT) for authentication thus allowing easier automation



Trident - Prongs

- Bread > Crumbs > For > Easy > Navigation
- Two Factor Authentication using HOTP/TOTP/SOTP
- Mobile-aware (resizes to fit your screen using CSS)
- Integrated Wiki based on EpicEditor, BlueMonday + BlackFriday: thus 'standard' github flavored markdown
- SQL-based and cachable thus much faster than Foswiki
- Pretty with CSS, no javascript needed (only for pretty wiki editor)
- File upload/downloads
- Calendaring with CalDAV support for Events

<http://www.epiceditor.com>
<https://github.com/microcosm-cc/blue monday>
<https://github.com/russross/black friday>





Trident - Mermaids

- PGP-remailer is integrated and supports queuing internally thus can see status of delivery of a message
- Handles lists with >10k members much better, if one needs more capacity, just add another node
- LMTP instead of forwarding, thus no more DSN
(“delivery status notification” aka bounce)



Future Features

- “Home page” like on your favorite social network with latest contributions & changes
- Visualized Trust Graphs
- Jabber + RobustIRC integration
- Mail to web, thus being able to read list as a forum and contribute using the webinterface
- Profile sharing with other Trident instances
- FreeBSD Package

- See github for more requests



Your Own Instance

- Don't trust Ops-T sysadmin? (eg, do you trust me? :)
- Want to keep data local?
- Want your own Secret Fight Club?

- Then soon you'll be able to install your own instance.
- Debian packages are already being generated and used for beta instances.

- Code soon on: <http://github.com/tridentli>



Questions?

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(some screenshots are after this slide)





Home

Home

Not Configured

[User Home](#)



Test

Test Test

- List 1
- List 2

Links

- [Trident](#)
- [NewTestPage](#)

Code Example

```
code
  which is properly spaced
  and indentation works.
```

Table

First	Second
1	2
One	Two

Table of Contents

- Test
- [Test Test](#)
- [Links](#)
- [Code Example](#)
- [Table](#)



Markdown Editor

```
# Test

## Test Test

* List 1
* List 2

## Links

* [Trident](https://Trident.li)
* [NewTestPage]
(https://tst.trident.li/tg/test/wiki/NewTestPage)

## Code Example

...
code
    which is properly spaced
    and indentation works.
...

## Table

| First | Second |
|-----|-----|
| 1     | 2     |
| One  | Two   |
```

HTML Preview

Test

Test Test

- List 1
- List 2

Links

- [Trident](#)
- [NewTestPage](#)

Code Example

```
code
    which is properly spaced
    and indentation works.
```

Table

First	Second
1	2



Settings

System Name:

Welcome Text:

Name of the Administrator(s):

Administrator Email Address:

Copyright Years:

Public URL:

People Domain:

CLI Enabled:

API Enabled:

OAuth/OpenID Enabled:

No Web Indexing:

Email Signature:





Tickly (Trident CLI)

Output:

```
-- Trident Help --  
  
Welcome to the Trident menu system which is CLI command based.  
If a given command is not in help menu the selected user does not have permissions for  
it.  
  
Each section, items marked [SUB], has its own 'help' command.  
  
The following commands are available on the root level:  
user          [SUB]      User commands  
tg            [SUB]      Trust Group (tg) commands  
ml            [SUB]      Mailing List commands  
wiki         [SUB]      wiki commands  
system       [SUB]      System commands
```

Command:

Execute

Bonus Discussion: Passwords

Top Row (Left Panel):
UNCOMMON (NON-GIBBERISH) BASE WORD: Tr0ub4dor &3
ORDER UNKNOWN: Tr0ub4dor &3
CAPS?: Tr0ub4dor &3
COMMON SUBSTITUTIONS: Tr0ub4dor &3
NUMERAL: Tr0ub4dor &3
PUNCTUATION: Tr0ub4dor &3
(YOU CAN ADD A FEW MORE BITS TO ACCOUNT FOR THE FACT THAT THIS IS ONLY ONE OF A FEW COMMON FORMATS.)

Top Row (Middle Panel):
~28 BITS OF ENTROPY
 $2^{28} = 3 \text{ DAYS AT } 1000 \text{ GUESSES/SEC}$
(PLAUSIBLE ATTACK ON A WEAK REMOTE WEB SERVICE. YES, CRACKING A STOLEN HASH IS FASTER, BUT IT'S NOT WHAT THE AVERAGE USER SHOULD WORRY ABOUT.)
DIFFICULTY TO GUESS: **EASY**

Top Row (Right Panel):
WAS IT TROMBONE? NO, TROUBADOR. AND ONE OF THE 0s WAS A ZERO?
AND THERE WAS SOME SYMBOL...
DIFFICULTY TO REMEMBER: **HARD**

Bottom Row (Left Panel):
correct horse battery staple
FOUR RANDOM COMMON WORDS

Bottom Row (Middle Panel):
~44 BITS OF ENTROPY
 $2^{44} = 550 \text{ YEARS AT } 1000 \text{ GUESSES/SEC}$
DIFFICULTY TO GUESS: **HARD**

Bottom Row (Right Panel):
THAT'S A BATTERY STAPLE.
CORRECT!
DIFFICULTY TO REMEMBER: YOU'VE ALREADY MEMORIZED IT

XKCD #936

THROUGH 20 YEARS OF EFFORT, WE'VE SUCCESSFULLY TRAINED EVERYONE TO USE PASSWORDS THAT ARE HARD FOR HUMANS TO REMEMBER, BUT EASY FOR COMPUTERS TO GUESS.

